

Today Judge Edward M. Yates of Old Orchard, Me, Has Among His Cherished Keepsakes Hair from the Dying President's Head and a Strip of Pillow Slip Stained with the Blood of the Martyr-Recollections of Dr Yates of West Paris, Me, Who Was in Ford's Theatre When the Shot Was Fired and Saw Booth Leap from the Box -An Interview with a Roxbury Woman, Sister of the Young Bostonian Who Tied the Crape to the Blind When the Great Heart Had Ceased to Beat.

### Judge Yates' Story.

STRIP of cotton cloth, scarcely three inches square, not cut, but torn off, and on it a dull red spot as large over as a silver dollar.

Forty years ago today that stain was crimson bright. For this strip of cloth is a piece of

an assassinated President, and this dull past the White House to greet and constain, fading year by year, was the lifeblood of Abraham Lincoln

and on the same day in the week, he a procession of city firemen-the last preathed his last. It was in the plain irst-floor hall bedroom of a Washington ledging house, and a score or more of people were about the bedside and in the adjoining rooms when Secretary of War Stanton reverently and pathetically lifted his hand and said, "Now he belongs to the ares."

house was thronged with a hushed nition from Abraham Lincoln; the last crowd, waiting for the latest, and, as every one feared, the last. The bedroom the union over rebellion. n which the President was dying was hat of William T Clark, a Boston boy, clerk at the department headquarters of he 22d army corps; and when at 7:22 in he morning Dr Stone announced that he heart had ceased to beat it was this thoughtful Boston boy who stepped to the open parlor window and tied a piec of crepe to the closed blind, in mute cement to the gathered thou sands that Abraham Lincoln was n

And when the body of the dead Presi dent was lifted from the bloodstained ed, the young soldier clerk reverently preserved many a relic of the last scene in the fearful tragedy; and when, an hour later, he went to his day's work, he offered to share with a fellow clerk and friend some mementos of that aw ful day.

Thus it comes about that today, 40 ears after, that fellow clerk, now Judge Edward M. Yates of Old Orchard, Me, has, among other cherished keepsakes of the war, a piece of that fluttering crape. hair from the dying Presient's head, a bloodstained piece of napkin used that night, and this strip of pillow slip, tinged with its witness of the martyr's death.

It was on the 9th of April, in 1865, that ee surrendered at Appomattex. Rich-ond had fallen, the rebel armies had een captured or put to flight, and the four years of war, that had cost 350,000 lives, was over at last. The whole north was in a blaze of excitement over the news. The general joy was unconfined, and the noise of gunpower was terrific and continuous everywhere, from the Atlantic to the Pacific. No more war and bloodshed; peace at last,

in giving his recollections of the day, theatre. Access to it was, as in most "that the 14th of April, 1855, was summer-like almost to sultriness. All day soldiers by regiments, local organizations and the people irrespective of orthe pillow slip on which lay the head of ganization had filled the streets, filing gratulate President Lincoln, At dark. in company with a comrade, I followed partition, with a door opening into each Forty years ago yesterday morning, the crowd to the White House, whither procession of that day-was marching with banners and music.

"They were on their way to pay their respects to the President. He appeared in the doorway, and, simply bowing, peceived a marching salute. And that procession of stalwart firemen was to be the last of the almost countless march-Outside, the street in front of the ing hosts to receive the bow of recogto parade in honor of the triumph of

"Soon after the procession had passed the President and his wife, accompanied by several gentlemen, among whom I recognized Schuyler Colfax, then speaker of the nouse of representatives, came out to take his carriage for Ford's theatre. I stood near the steps of the portico. There were no bodyguards ia hose days, and the people thronged so closely about their President as to touch the hem of his garment at will. He passed within six feet of me, and I observed him closely. He appeared unusually happy, and chatted in a pleasant strain with his friends as he passed along. Then he bade them a cheerful good night, stepped into his carriage and was whirled down the broad driveway, on their way to the house of Sen ator Harris, where they were to b joined by Miss Clara Harris and her intended husband, Maj Rathbone, whom they had invited to go to the theatre with them."

At Ford's theatre, that night, where the party was to occupy a box that had been tendered them, the play was "Our American Cousin," presented by Laura Keene and her company. Among his souvenirs, Judge Yates has the playbill for that night, a single strip of paper some 12 inches long and about the width of this column. He has also a ticket of general admission used that night, printed on heavy glazed brown pasteboard. The theatre was then one of the finest in Washington.

That night's interrupted performance. however, was the last it was ever to All further performances there see. were forbidden, and the building itself was afterward purchased by the gov-ernment and made over for use as a

"I well remember," says Judge Yates, the right-hand side of the body of the theatres, by means of a door opening through the wall from the dress circle. This door, however, did not open directly into the box, but into a little entryway, or lobby, as it was called. This was because the box had originally been two narrow boxes separated by a of the boxes from the corridor. This partition had been removed, but the two doors and the little entryway had been left.

For that night, manager Ford had or dered a low-seated and heavily'stuffed ccking chair taken from his own bedcora to the box for the President's own use. This was placed near the front of the box and in the left hand corner, bringing the President in that part of the box nearest the audience. Mrs Lincoin was to sit on his right, and beyond her, in the righthand corner of the box, Miss Harris, with Major Rathbone be tween these two but somewhat farther back in the box.

From the flag-draped front of the box to the stage below was perhaps 10 feet. With that stage and with all its construction behind the scenes. John Wilkes Booth was perfectly familiar. In fact, the strikingly handsome young actor had played a part upon that stage less than a month before, at a benefit given John McCullough, playing the leading role of Pescara in "The Apostate" to McCullough's Hemeya.

### An Eye-Witness.

Although Judge Yates himself was not at the theatre that night, another Maine man, the judge's cousin; not only observed the assassination from a point. directly opposite the President's box. but was one of the two men who leaped to the stage in an effort to overtake the fleeing assassin. This eye witness is Dr Octavius K. Yates, a practising physician at West Paris, Me, widely known and esteemed throughout' that whole'section of Oxford county. This is the story told by Dr Yates:

"In the spring of 1865 I was in Washington, summored there as a witness before a court-martial. On the morning of April 14 the papers contained a notice that President Lincoln, Gen Grant and other notable persons were expected to be at Ford's theatre that evening, to witness the play of "Our American Cousin" by Laura Keene and her dramatic company. Having an earnest desire to see the distinguished leaders of the great American conflict and feeling that this was a rare opportunity to do so. I decided to go.

# JOHN WILKES BOOTH, THEASSASSIN OF LINCOLN.

"Realizing that this announcement would call out a crowd to the theatre, a friend of mine suggested that we buy ourselves in before the opening of the doors. This plan proved successful, and by a liberal bestowal of cash in the right quarter we gained early admittance to the theatre and got the two seats in the front-row of the dress circle, next to the box opposite the one to be occupied by the President and his party. Our seats were at the point directly over the outer corner of the stage, and not more than eight feet above it.

"The theatre was gayly decorated, especially the boxes, American flags being festooned at their front and framing their sides. When the doors were opened, there was a grand rush and the whole house was very quickly filled. Every available inch of ordinary seat-"/g space was occupied, except that there was no one in any of the boxes.

"The play began at 8 o'clock, but it was some minutes after that when the President and his wife, together with young Maj Rathbone and Miss Harris, came in and took their seats in the box. I shall never forget the wild excitement and rejoicing that was manifested by that packed audience when President Lincoln passed along the dress circle and entered his box with his party. The whole audience rose, the men swinging their hats and cheering vociferously, the ladies vying with them in waving their handkerchiefs and joining in the general chorus of noise, and the orchestra playing 'Hail to the

"The President, looking to me unexpectedly tall and gaunt of form and homely of feature, with a broad smile, kept bowing his acknowledgments to this grand ovation. Then all got quieted down again, the actors resumed their parts and soon all 'attention was absorbed in the play. I frequently observed the President laughing heartily at the odd and amusing sayings of ...e actors

HOUSE IN WHICH LINCOLN DIED.

"About 10 o'clock a young man of military appearance and carrying a slouched hat in his hand passed along the wall of the dress circle on the other side of the theatre from me, going towards the door of the President's box. There was something so peculiar about the appearance of this man that my attention was unusually attracted, and supposing him to be some military man, I leaned over and asked my friend if he knew him. He answered in the negative. I had turned again to the stage, had glanced down and was looking at Laura Keene, who from the wings opposite was motioning to some one of the actors, when I heard my friend 'That man has gone into the say: President's box.

"Then, at the very second that I looked over and saw the President leaning forward a little and looking out, there came the heavy 'Bang' of a pistol, smoke clouded the box, there was a struggle, and, striking back with his dagger, the man we had seen go in put his left hand on the railing of the box and leaped out.

"But he came down partially falling and struck the stage rather sprawling. He scrambled to his feet again and made off, the stage as fast as he could go. There have been stories that he stood up there and swung his dagger and exclaimed 'Sic semper tyrannis.' Now I was as near to him as any man in that house, and my attention was strictly fasteaed on him, and I firmly say that he did none of those things. He just got off the stage as quickly as he could

RAREPHOTO OF GEN. GRANT,

WEARING ARM-KNOT OF CRAPE

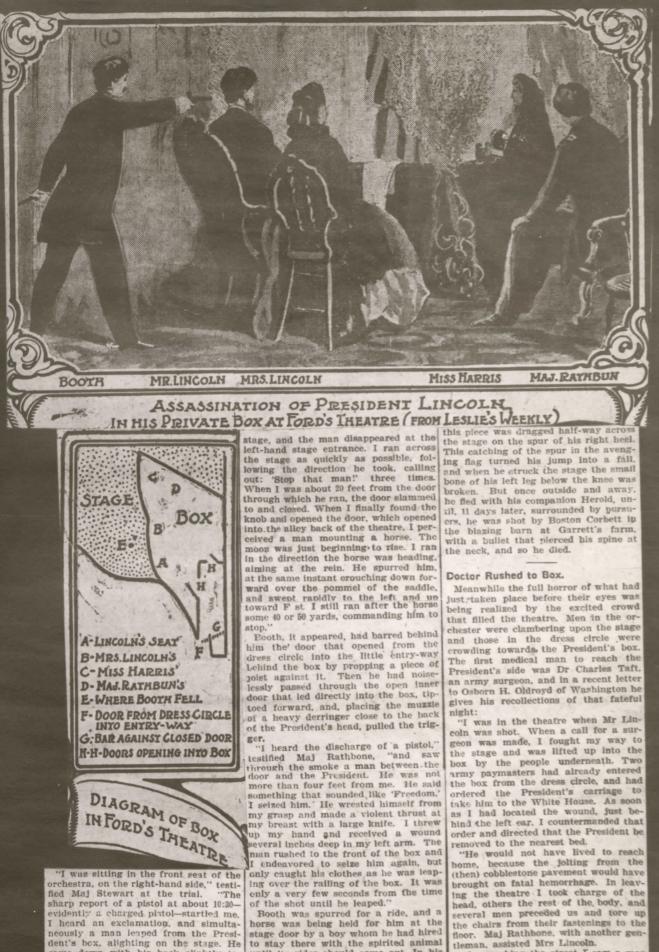
AFTER LINCOLN'S ASSASSINATION.

he could. "The next instant after he started to run I sprang up on the dress-circle railing in front of me and made a leap for the stage just below. But I was unused to such a jump, and in striking Iwrenched my ankle/in some way so sharply that for the instant I could only hobble along.

"I remained in the wings some minutes. Meanwhile the house was rapidly being emptied. At length my eye fell on a dish of water, and thinking it might be needed I managed to make my way with it out and up to the President's box. There, I got a glimpse of his prostrate form breathing heavily, his head and shoulders lying in the lap of Laura Keene, drabbling her white dress with his blood."

### Chased the Assassin.

Out of the few people in that audience who realized instantly the real significance of what was taking place before their eyes, only one other man had both the opportunity and the presence of mind to leap upon the stage and seek to grapple with the assassin. This was a young army officer, Maj Joseph B. Stewart.



until its rider should come out. In his

leap from the box his spur caught in the blue part of the flag that was draped around the box, and, as he came

and

down, it tore a piece of the flag,

'On reaching the street I saw a man standing on the porch of a house opposite, the door open behind, showing lighted hall. To that house I directed

dent's box, alighting on the stage. He came down with his back slightly toward the audience, but rising and turning, his face came into full view. I recognized him as John Wilkes Booth. At the same instant I jumped upon the



m7 steps, and was pleased to find a neat bedroom at the end of the hall without going upstairs. The single bed was pulled out from the corner of the room, and the dying President was laid upon it. diagonally, his extreme length not admitting of any other position."

### Died in Boston Boy's Room.

This man who stood on the porch of the house and in whose room the dying President was taken was a Boston boy, William T. Clark. Mr Clark died in this city 17 years ago. His only sister, H. Estes Wright, living at 6 Mrs H. Estes wight, hung gives the Waverly st, Roxbury, kindly gives the following facts regarding young Clark: "Willie and I were born in Lowell, Father died when Willie was about a year old, and I was between 2 and 3. Five years later we moved to Boston. My brother went to the old Mayhew school, and then to Chauncey Hall school. He wasn't very strong and had to be kept out of school a great Some time after the war broke deal. out he began taking a course in civil engineering, but one day he ran away and enlisted. He was only 19 then, and so frail that we knew he couldn't live week as a soldier. But somehow he did, and stood it a deal beter than many stronger men. He was in Co D, 13th Mass infantry, and was in 17 bat-tles and never received even a scratch. He always wrote a beautiful hand, and not long before the battle of Gettysburg was detailed to Washington as a clerk. "Willie's room was on 10th st, directly opposite Ford's theatre. He often told us the story of the night that Lincoln was shot. My brother had himself just come from the theatre, having come out before the play was done, as he didn't think much of it. It was a warm night, and he stood in the door of his lodging house awhile before going in to go to bed.

"He saw the peple beginning to come out, and stood awhile to watch them. He saw that everybody seemed excited and that here was a violent commotion. Then he heard somebody say that the President had been shot

## WM T. CLARK, OF BOSTON, THE SOLDIER CLERK IN WHOSE ROOM LINCOLN DIED.

"Then two or three men bearing a body came out of the theatre. Behind them was a woman in evening gown, flowers in her hair, jewels on her neck-She was wringing her hands and crying. The bearers of the body halfstopped and appeared uncertain where to go. He heard one of them say: "Where shall we take him?" Then my brothgr cried out to them: 'Bring him in here; take him in to my room.'

"So they brought the President up the steps and along the hall, my brother leading the way, until they came to his room at the end of the long hall. The blood fell in great drops from the President's head; there was a big drop on the top stone step of the house that a child sopped up the next morning with pieces of tissue paper so as to keep it. There were drops along the oilcloth the whole length of the hall.

"After the President had died and his body had been taken hway, my brother put away the pillow case on which Lincoln's head had rested, and also the hair which had been trimmed from the back of his head by the doctors, and a few other such things as souvenirs. I suppose he gave away some of them; but such as he kept are now in a Lincoln museum in the very building in which Lincoln died.

"The name of the landlady was Mrs Peterson. She was in Philadelphia at the time of the assassination, and did not come back to Washington until sometime afterward. She was a bitter southerner, and pitched into my brother the first thing. 'So it was you who had them bring that beast into my house, was it?' said she. 'You have disgraced it forever. I give you notice to leave. Get out! I won't have you here!' And he had to get another lodging place.''

This house to which the President was carried from the theatre was No. 453 10th st (now 516). It still stands, a plain brick structure of three stories and basement, a typical Washington lodging house. The room in which the President died measures 9x17 feet. The bed on which he lay was a low walnut four-poster.

# DR.O.K.YATES, EVE-WITNESS OF LINCOLN'S ASSASSINATION.

all through the long, weary night, the watchers stood by the couch of the dying President. He was unconscious every moment from the time the heavy bullet from Booth's derringer crashed into his brain. His breathing was heavy and stentorious, and the terrific impact of the leaden ball, which had passed nearly through the head and was lodged just back of the left eye, had caused the eyes to turn a livid black. Only his tremendous vitality kept him living through all those hours. It was about 7 in the morning that Dr Stone, his family physician, announced that death was at hand, and at 7:22 the heart ceased beating. Then it was that Sec Edwin M. Stanton approached the bed and uttered in a low voice: "Now he belongs to the ages."

### No Guard for President.

At the present day, when the President of the United States is so hedged about, protected, watched and guarded by secret service men, it will be a source of wonderment to some that a would-be assassin could make his way without hindrance into the private box of the head of the nation. But this nation had not then lost three Presidents by assassination; and, moreover, Lincoln himself objected to a guard whenever the matter was suggested to him. "He positively refused," say Hay and Nicolay in their life of Lincoln. "to torment himself with precautions for his own safety. He would sum the matter up by saying that both friends and strangers must have daily access to him in all manner of ways and places; his life was therefore in reach of anyone, sane or mad, who was ready to murder and be hanged for it; that he could not possibly guard against all danger unless he were to shut himself up in an iron box, in which condition he could scarcely perform the duties of a President; by the hand of a murderer he could die only once, whereas to go continually in fear would be to die over and over. He therefore went in and out before the people, always unarmed, generally unattended



### BOOTH LEAPING UPON THE STAGE AND CATCHING HIS SPUR IN THE FLAG (FROM LESLIE'S WEEKLY)

That there was even an attendant sitting in the dress circle to watch the door that gave access to the box is by no means certain. If there was he must have let Booth in simply because he asked to go in. Hay says: "He showed his card to a servant in attendance and was allowed to pass in." Capt Theodore McGowan, who sat near the door of the box, testified at the trial of the fellow-conspirators of Booth: "He (Booth) took out a visiting card and showed it to the President's messenger, who was sitting just below him. Whether the messenger took the card in or allowed Booth to go in, I do not know; but in a moment or two I saw him go through the door of the lobby leading to the box and close the door." Eur this Maj McGowan was the only witness called at the trial to tell how Booth entered the box, and it seems incredible if there had been a better wit-

ness in the shape of the man who actually admitted the assassin to the box that he was not called on to testify. The only other witness at the trial who mentions this matter is James P. Ferguson, who kept a restaurant adjoining the theatre and knew Booth well. His sworn testimony is: "During the second scene of the third act I saw Booth pass atong near the President's box, and then stop and lean against the wall. After standing there a moment, I saw him step down one step, put his hands on the door and his knee against it and push the door open-the first door that goes into the box." Such evidence as this, and the failure of the government to call such attendant as witness, leaves it certainly open to question if there was anyone at all that night to stand between the assassin's plan and his opportunity.

### Sic Semper Tyrannis.

There is a popular misconception that after his leap to the stage Booth faced to the front, swung his dagger and shouted, "Sic semmer, tyrannis." Not only are the words of Dr Yates strong in their denial of this, but every morning paper in Washington the following morning and every witness at the trial but, one stated that his cry of "Sic semper tyrannis" (Thusever with tyrants) was uttered from the box, or just as he was about to leap from the box. In Booth's diary, found on his dead body, is the statement: "I said "Sic semper' in the box." It is well, then, that before this misconception has become tradition the clear statement of fact by an eyewitness should be made.

#### MODERN MIRACLE.

### How Does a Coachman Keep on His Tall Hat in a Storm?

There are three things I have never yet been able to clearly understand. The first is how a train keeps on the rails; the second how a well-staircase endures so long without perpetually collapsing; and the third, which is the most difficult to comprehend of auy, how a coachman manages to keep his hat on.

In the stormiest weather-when most hats are taking flight-when it is blowing fiercely and raining vindictively, you may see a opachnan driving a pair of spirited horses and both hands so occupied that they could not touch the brim of his topper, and yet he never loses it.

How is this? Does he use some adhesive composition to make it fast to his head, has he an invisible string fastened under his chin, has he some extraordinary method of developing his occipito frontalis so as to render it equal to the occasion, or does he follow the example of the fair sex and run a hat pin through his back hair?

I am sure I cannot tell how this may be. All I know is that in the midst of a binding deluge and a terrific nurricane you will find his het securely planted on the top of his head as if it grew there.—London Graphic.